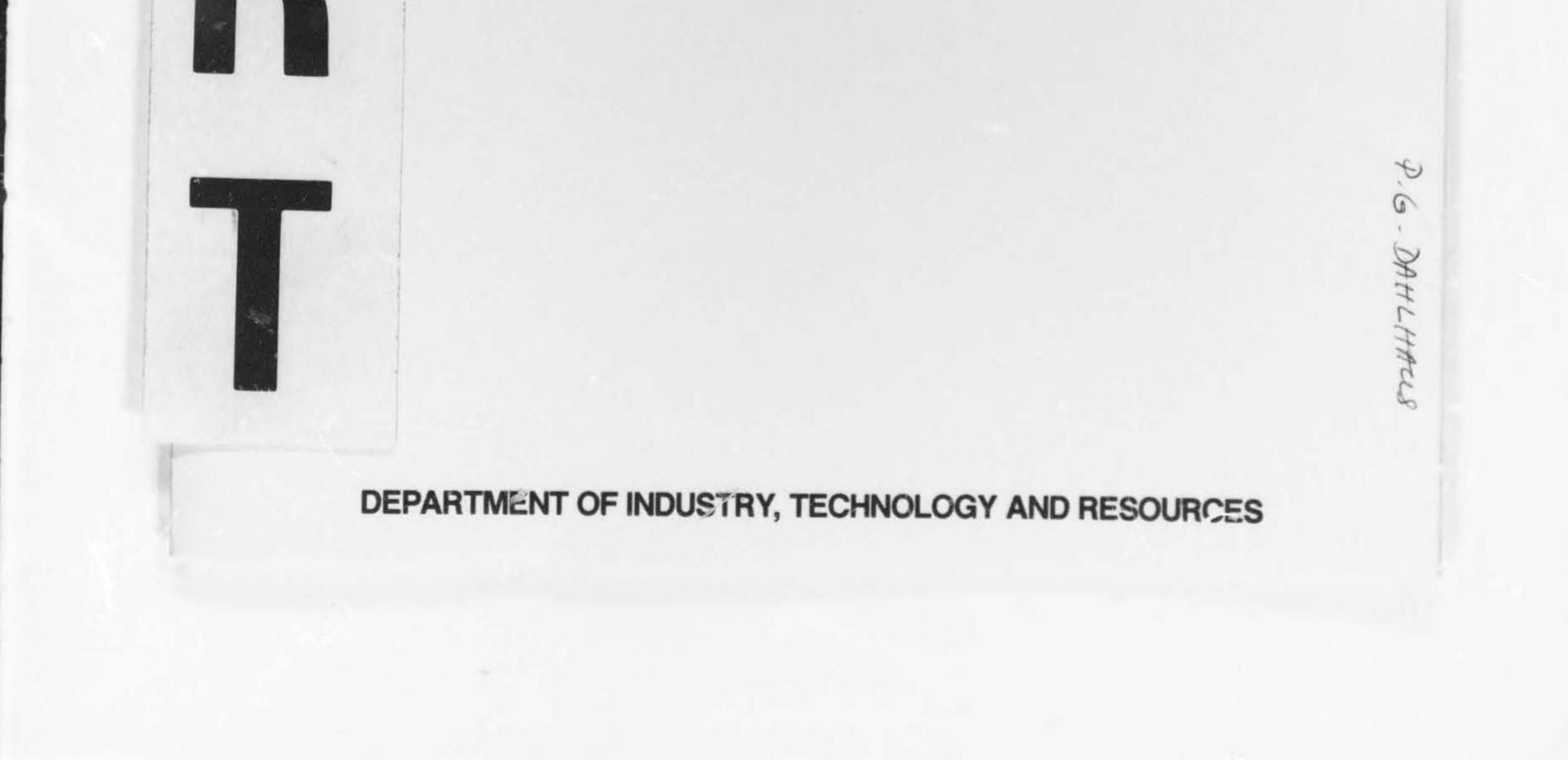


ENGINEERING GEOLOGY OF MELTON - THE MELTON DEVELOPMENT AREA

P G DAHLHAUS

UNPUBLISHED REPORT 1986/2

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## ABSTRACT

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An engineering geological mapping program has been conducted to provide essential geological information for use by planners and engineers working in the Melton Development Area, Victoria.

A review of past and current examples of thematic mapping for land use purposes was initially conducted. A data base of over 800 sampled locations was collated from previous work, and supplemented by additional drilling and testing in areas where little was known of the geological materials. This information was compiled using available computer facilities and combined with traditional field mapping methods. A map folio presenting individual aspects of the

engineering geology was produced.

Large areas of expansive soil have been identified and mapped, and an area affected by soil subsidence was examined in detail. Statistical methods (block kriging) have been used to determine the thickness of soil in the map area. Assesments of the suitability for urban development have been made.

Computer draughting was used to produce the maps, providing the ability for rapid future revision.

This report - one of seven unpublished reports on the map area - describes the Melton Development Area.

KEYWORDS: Engineering Geological Mapping, Medium Scale, Maps, Urban Planning.



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# INTRODUCTION

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1 Location of the Melton Development Area. 2 Melton Development Area. 3 Mean annual rainfall of the Melbourne Region. 4 Rainfall statistics for Melton.

5 Boundaries of Melton Development Area. 6 Melton structure concept.



Abbreviation	Definit
AASHO	American
AEBIRA	Australia
AHD	Australia.
AMG	Australia
AS1276	Australia
AS1289	Australia
AS2870	Australia
CAD	Computer /
CBD	Central B
CBR	California
CRB	Country Ro
CSIRO	Commenweal
DITR	Department
DOE	Department
DVA	Dandenong
ECS	Engineerin
EDP	Electronic
EPA	Environmen
F&L	Farley and
FAO	Food and A
FS	Free Swell
GEOSIS	Geoscience
GLQ	Genesis-Li
GSV	Geological
IAEG	Internatio
IGS	Institute
LL	Liquid Lim
LPS	Land Prote
LS MMBW	Linear Shr
MPE	Melbourne
MSA	Ministry f
MSICC	Melton Sew
MURL	Melton - S
OGS	Melbourne
PL	Ontario Ge
PI	Plastic Li
RCA	Plasticity
SAA	Road Const
SCA	Standards .
SCS-USDA	Soil Conse
TDS	Soil Conse
UBR	Total Diss
ULA	Uniform Bu:
USGS	Urban Land
VBR	United Stat
WHO	Victorian I
XRD	World Healt
ALC D	X-Ray Diffi

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS used in reporting the Melton Engineering Geology Mapping Project. tion Association of State Highway Officials an Engineering and Building Industry Research Association an Height Datum an Metric Grid an Standard AS1276 - SAA Site Investigation Code an Standard AS1289 - Methods of Testing Soils for Engineering Purposes an Standard AS2870 - Residential Slabs and Footings Aided Drafting/Design Business District a Bearing Ratio loads Board alth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation t of Industry, Technology and Resources t of Environment Valley Authority ng Computer Services Pty. Ltd. c Data Processing nt Protection Authority d Lewers Pty Ltd Agriculture Organisation Spatial Information System ithology-Qualifier Survey of Victoria onal Association of Engineering Geology of Geological Sciences mit ection Service rinkage Metropolitan Board of Works for Planning and Environment wage Authority Sunbury Interim Co-ordinating Committee Underground Rail Loop eological Survey imit Index truction Authority Association of Australia ervation Authority ervation Service - United States Department of Agriculture solved Solids ilding Regulations Authority tes Geological Survey Building Regulations th Organisation fraction

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An engineering geological map is a thematic map which provides a generalized representation of all those components of a geological environment of significance in land-use planning, and in design, construction and maintenance as applied to civil engineering.

A 'state-of-the-art' review of mapping methods for land-use planning was conducted to examine the past and present progress in a broad context. In particular, medium-scale engineering and environmental mapping methods, and their map presentation formats, were examined.

A review of readily accessible data highlighted shortcomings in both the quality and quantity of data outside of the established City of Melton. Consequently, a drilling, sampling and testing program was conducted. Research of previous work and additional geological mapping supplemented the data analysis. The presentation of the study has been largely cartographic, with each component of the geology being a separate theme on a basic map.

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## THE MELTON DEVELOPMENT AREA

1 Physical and Social Setting

The City of Melton is located on the Western Highway 39 km. WNW of Melbourne (Fig. 1) and is situated entirely within the parishes of Djerriwarrh and Kororoit. Parts of the surrounding area fall within the parishes of Mooradoranook, Pywheitjorrk, Yangardook and Merrimu.

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The major regional roads serving Melton are the Western Highway, the Keilor-Melton Road and the Melton-Gisborne Road shown in Figure 2. The Western Highway passes through the existing City Centre and provides a vehicular route from Melbourne to Ballarat. A new route, the Western Freeway is currently under construction. The north-western railway is located south of the Western Freeway, traversing Melton South in an east-west direction.

Existing residential areas are mostly situated on both sides of the Western Highway between Toolern Creek and Bulman's Road. Newer residential areas are being developed north of Centenary Avenue and in West Melton.

Melton has two major retailing and service centres both located on the Western Highway. Industrial and service centres are located in the Melton Industrial Estate, south of the Western Highway and east of Toolern Creek. The most extensive existing recreation area adjoins Toolern Creek immediately east of the city. The facilities comprise a golf course and a recreation reserve and oval.

The climatic conditions at Melton differ markedly from those of Melbourne. The area falls within the zone termed the "Little Wimmera" (Fig. 3), since the rainfall is similar to that of the drier western areas of the State. The extremes cf rainfall (Fig. 4) have caused flooding, severe erosion (Forbes, 1948), and distress in housing (due to expansive soils).

The City is serviced with a water supply system from the Merrimu

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Location of the Melton Development Area. Figure 1.





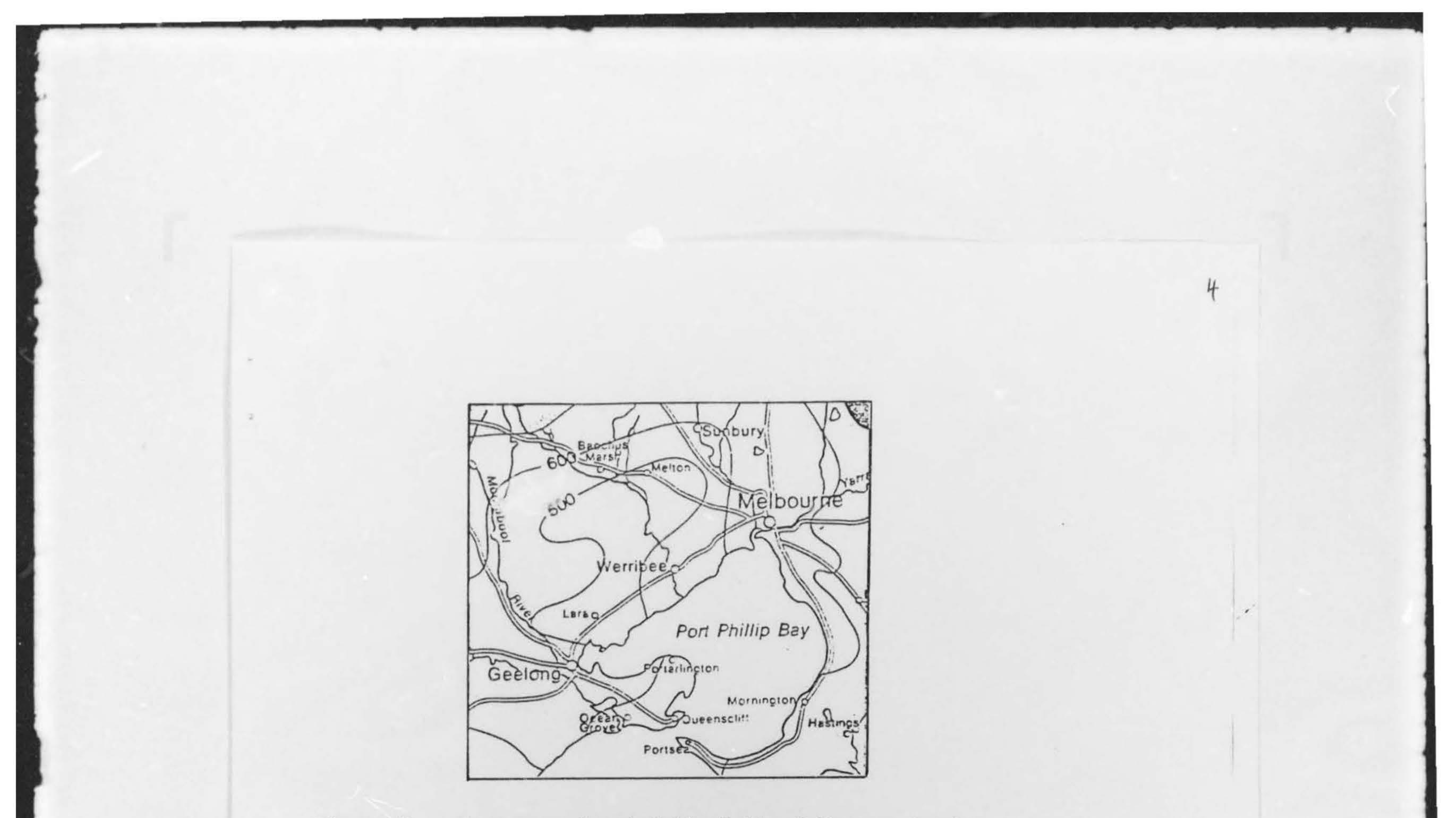
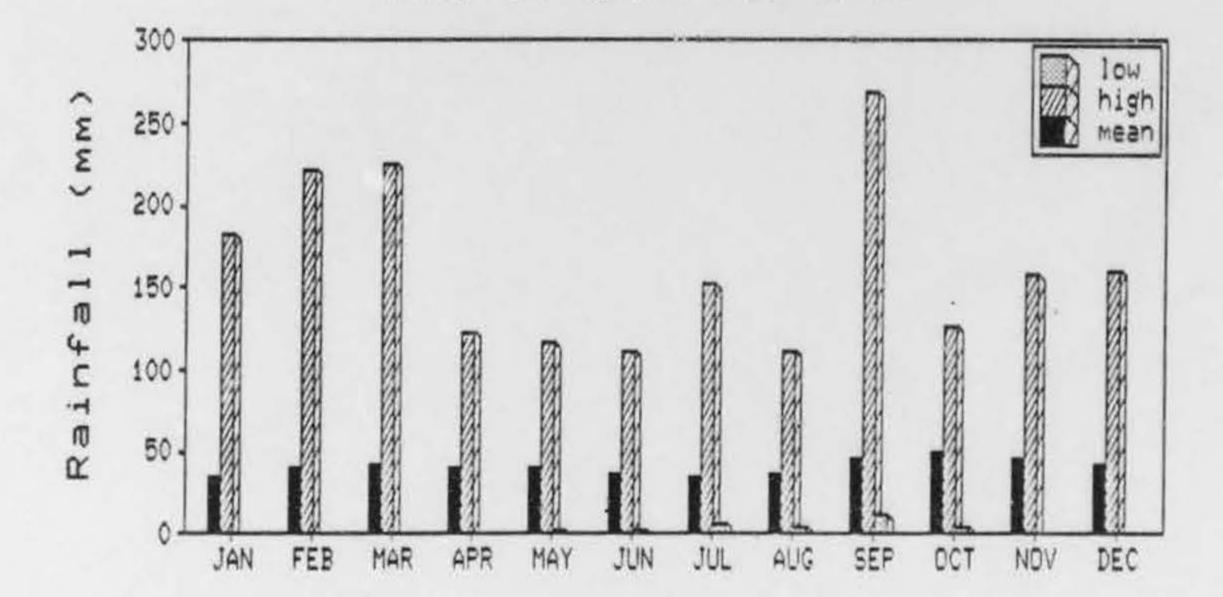


Figure 3. Mean annual rainfall of the Melbourne Region. (Atlas of Victoria, 1983)

> Melton Monthly Rainfall monthly mean, highest 8 lowest recorded



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Month

Figure 4. Rainfall statistics for Melton. (compiled from Bureau of Meterology Records - 1883 to 1983)



# Melton Development Area Planning

Melton and Sunbury were chosen by the Victorian Government for satellite township development following an investigation by the Town and Country Planning Board (now MPE) which resulted in the designation of the two areas under the Development Areas Act 1973. The Melton-Sunbury Interim Co-ordinating Committee (MSICC) was established by State Cabinet in January, 1975 to guide planning control and planning studies pending the creation of a statutory authority.

The chosen development area for Melton is bounded by Mt Cottrell Rd, Minns Rd, Greigs Rd, Melton Reservoir and Djerriwarrh Creek (Fig. 5). This area comprises approximately 82 km<sup>2</sup>.

The MSICC engaged planning consultants to prepare a series of reports on the social, demographic, and physical concept planning. The six resultant volumes were published during 1976 and 1977. Two of these reports are concerned with the physical planning of Melton; viz. Vol. 3 (Clarke-Gazzard, 1976), which presents an overall conceptual plan, and Vol. 4 (Llewelyn-Davies Kinhill, 1977) which suggests short and medium term actions. The first of these two reports recommended the structure concept illustrated in Figure 6. This particular plan was devised after careful consideration of many factors, although the only geological influence considered was the the soil characteristics (discussed more fully in Unpub. Rept. 1986/5)

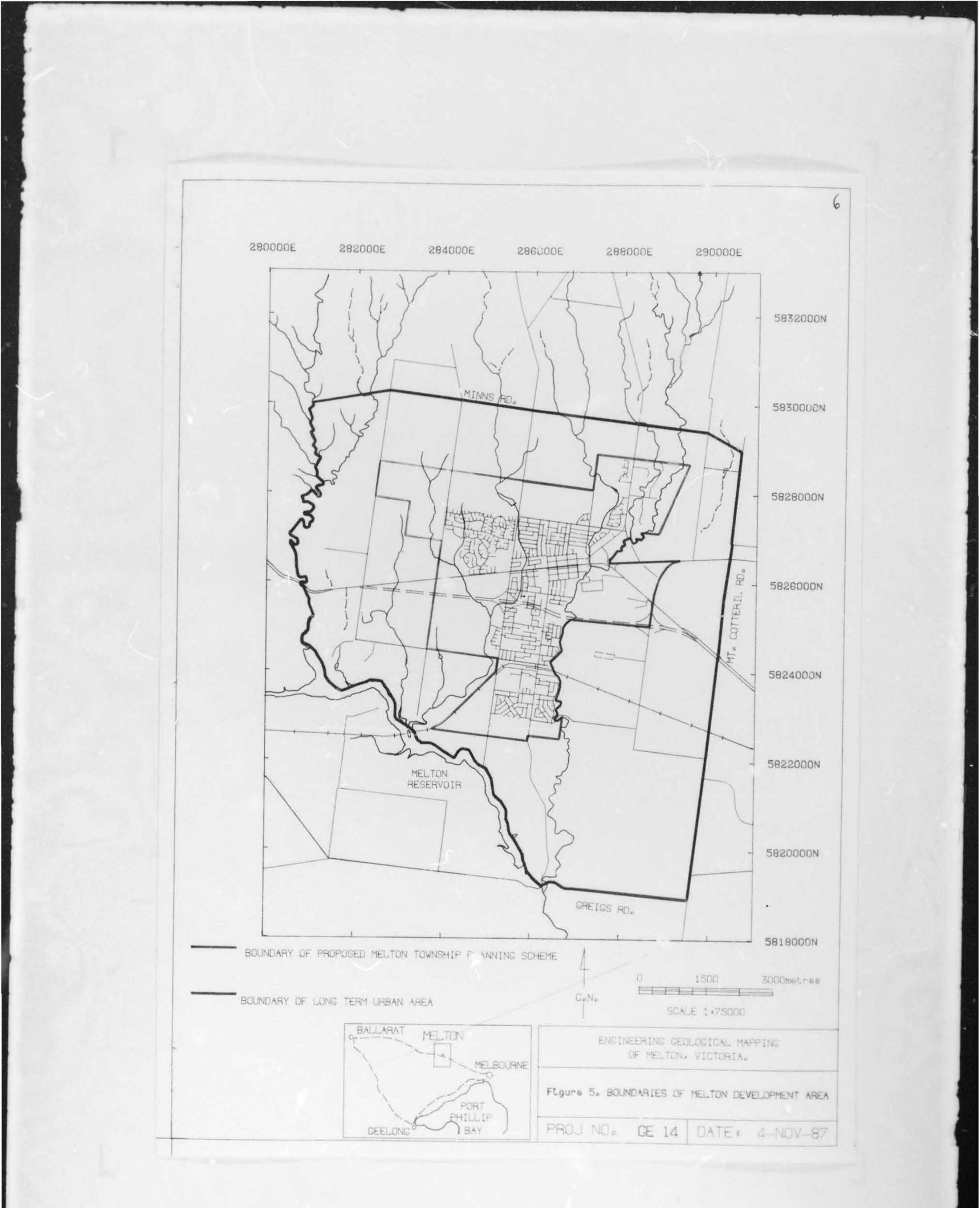
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Following a recommendation made in the second of these reports, a drainage study of the development area was carried out by the Dandenong Valley Authority (DVA) which was completed in 1980. This report made extensive recommendations for flood mitigation and improved drainage systems for the development area.

The DVA commissioned the SCA (now LPS) to report on "Erosion and its control during urban and drainage development of the Melton area". This SCA report, completed in 1978, was a good attempt at indicating some of the geological hazards for urban development. A number of limitations to suburban development such as the expansiveness of certain soil types, the unsuitability of some soils for standard septic effluent absorption, and a subsidence problem in one area were noted.

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4 Engineering Geology of Melton - Current Work

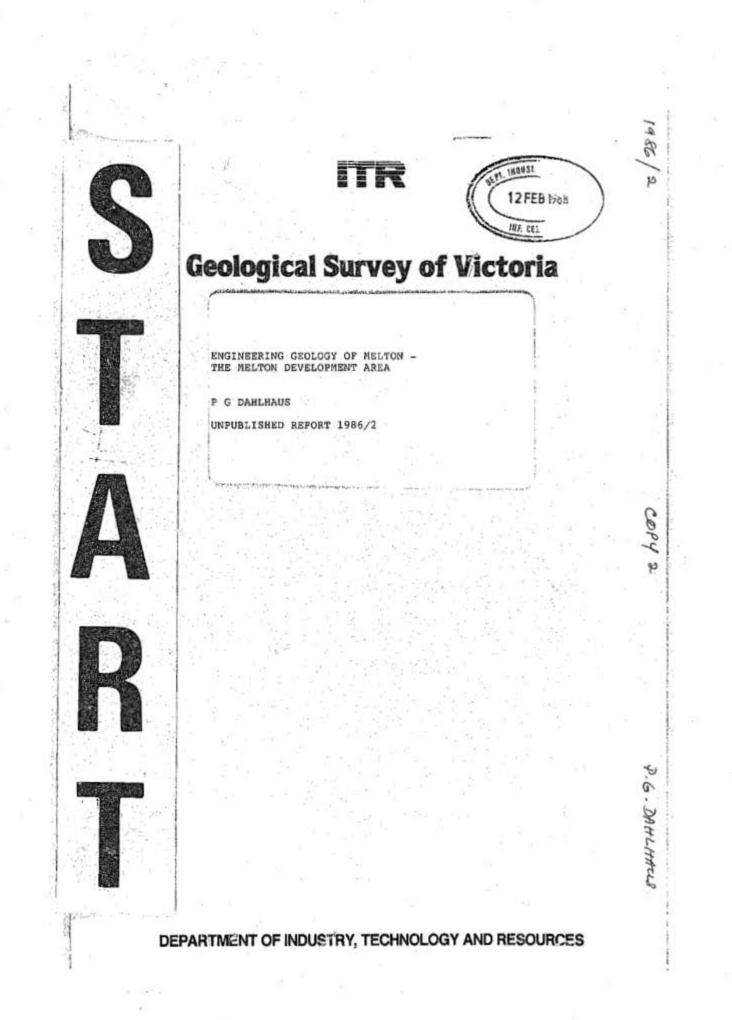
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- \* Research the needs of potential users of the engineering geological map.
- \* Compile and assess data from past geotechnical, geological and hydrogeological projects conducted in the area.
- \* Acquire additional data where required by drilling and testing programs.
- \* Field mapping to supplement the drilling data.
- \* Selection and preparation of base map information.
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A52870	Australian Standard AS1289 - Methods of Testing Soils for Engineering Furposes
CAD	Australian Standard A52870 - Besidential Alabs and Footings
CRD	Computer Aided Drafting/Design
CBR	Central Business District
	California Bearing Ratio
CRB	Country Roads Beard
CSIRO	Commenyealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation
DITH	Department of Industry, Technology and Resources
DOC	Department of Environment
DVA	Dandenong Valley Authority
ECS.	Engineering Computer Services Pty. Ltd.
802	Electronic Data Processing
EPA	Environment Protection Authority
FLL	Farley and Lewers Pty Ltd
FA0	food and Agriculture Organization
rs	Free Swell
GEOSIS	Geosciance Spatial Information System
GLQ	Genesis-Lithology-Qualifier
057	Geological Survey of Victoria
IAEG	International Association of Engineering Gaslogy
IGS	Institute of Geological Sciences
LL	Elquid Linit
LPH	Land Protection Service
65	Linear Shrinkage
HMDW	Nelbourne Metropolitan Board of Norks
XPE	Ministry for Planning and Environment
MSA	Melton Sewage Authority
RSICC	Helton - Sunbury Interim Co-ordinating Committee
NURL	Melbourne Underground Rail Leop
065	Ontario Geological Survey
PL.	Plastic Linit
PI	Plasticity Index
BCA	Road Construction Authority
SAA	Standards Association of Australia
SCA	Soil Conservation Authority
SCS-USDA	Soil Conservation Service - United States Department of Agriculture
TDS	Total Dissolved Selids
UBR	Uniform Building Regulations
ULA	Urban Land Authority
1965	United States Geological Survey
VBR	Victorian Building Regulations
MILO	World Health Organisation
XRD	X-Bay Diffraction
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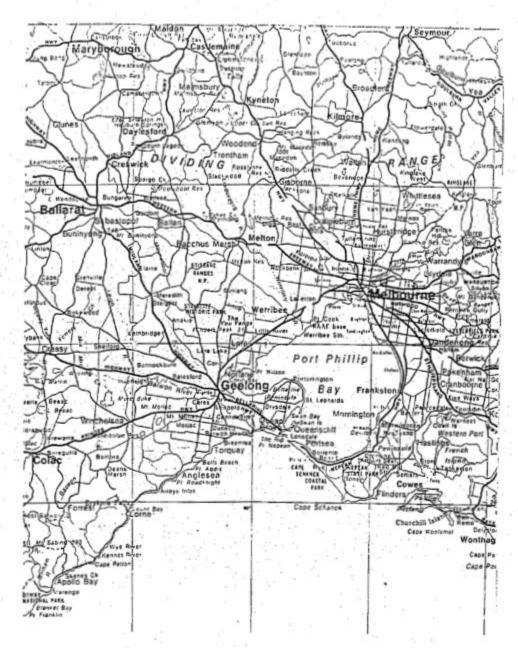


Figure 1. Location of the Melton Development Area.

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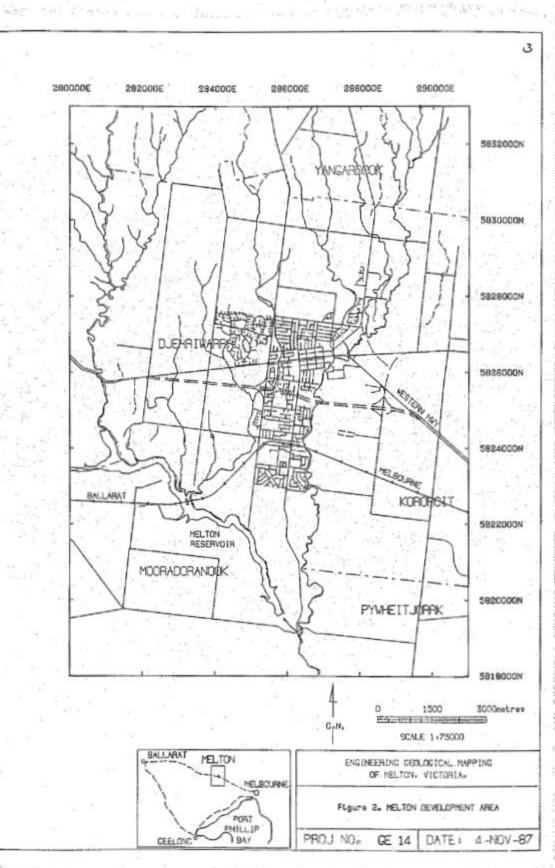
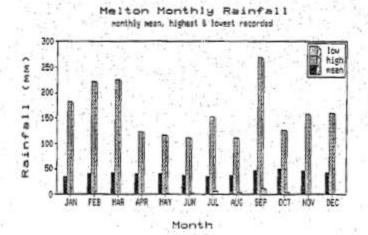
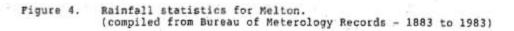




Figure 3.

Mean annual rainfall of the Melbourne Region. (Atlas of Victoria, 1983)





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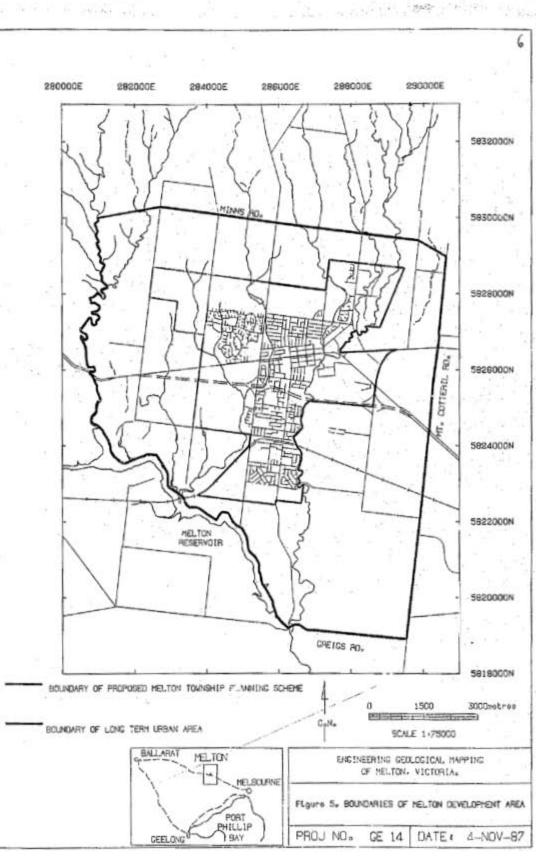
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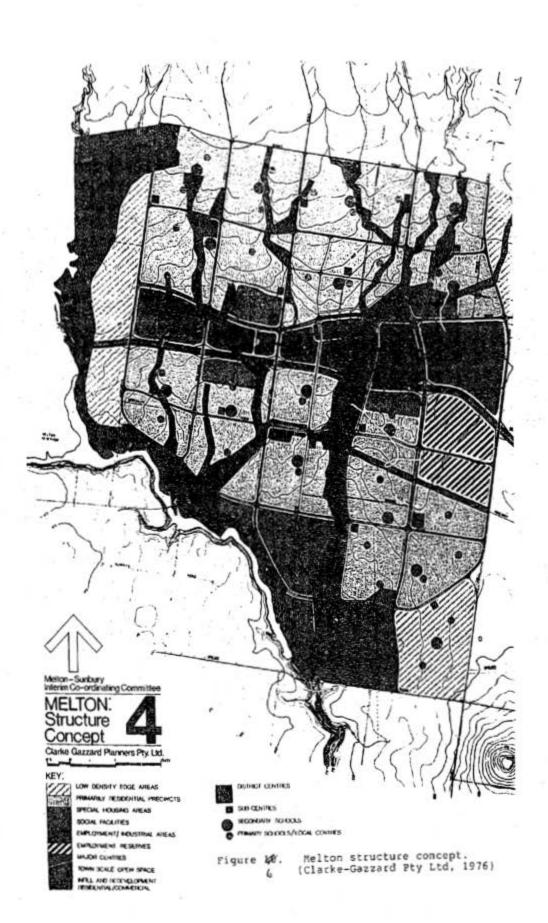
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