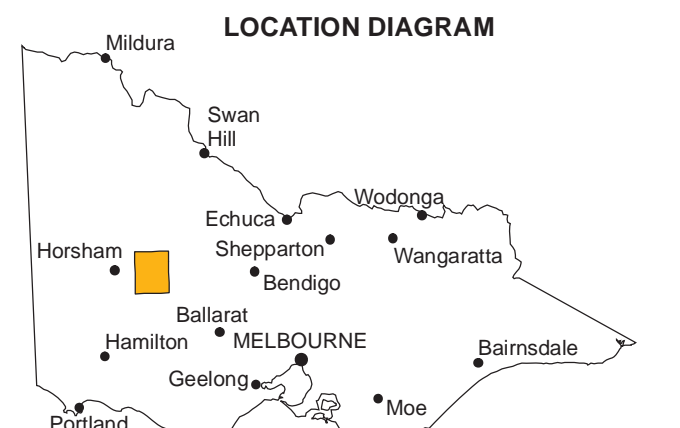


RUPANYUP

1:100 000

Regolith-landform map

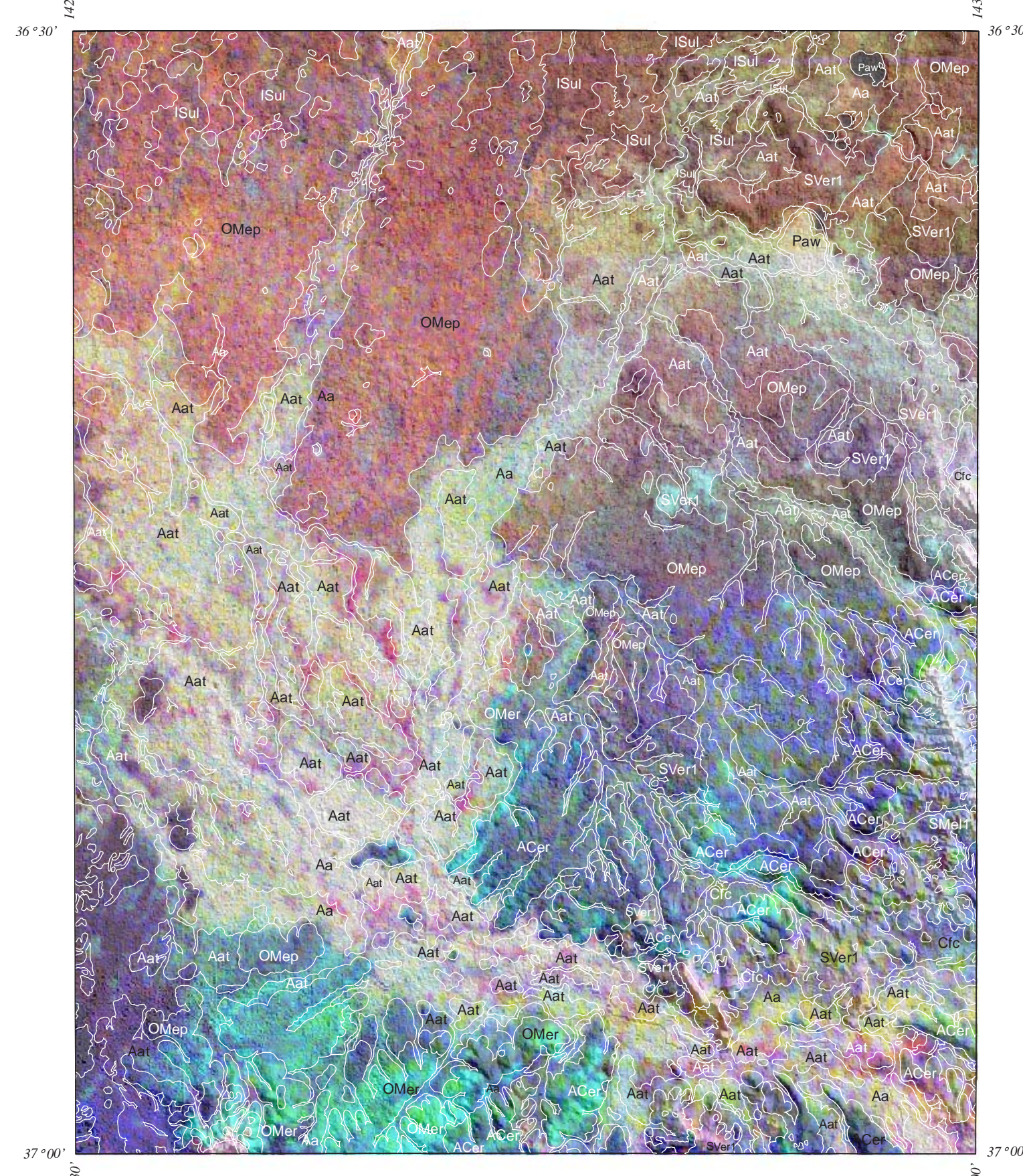
Geological Survey of Victoria
GeoScience Victoria
Minerals and Petroleum Division
Department of Primary Industries



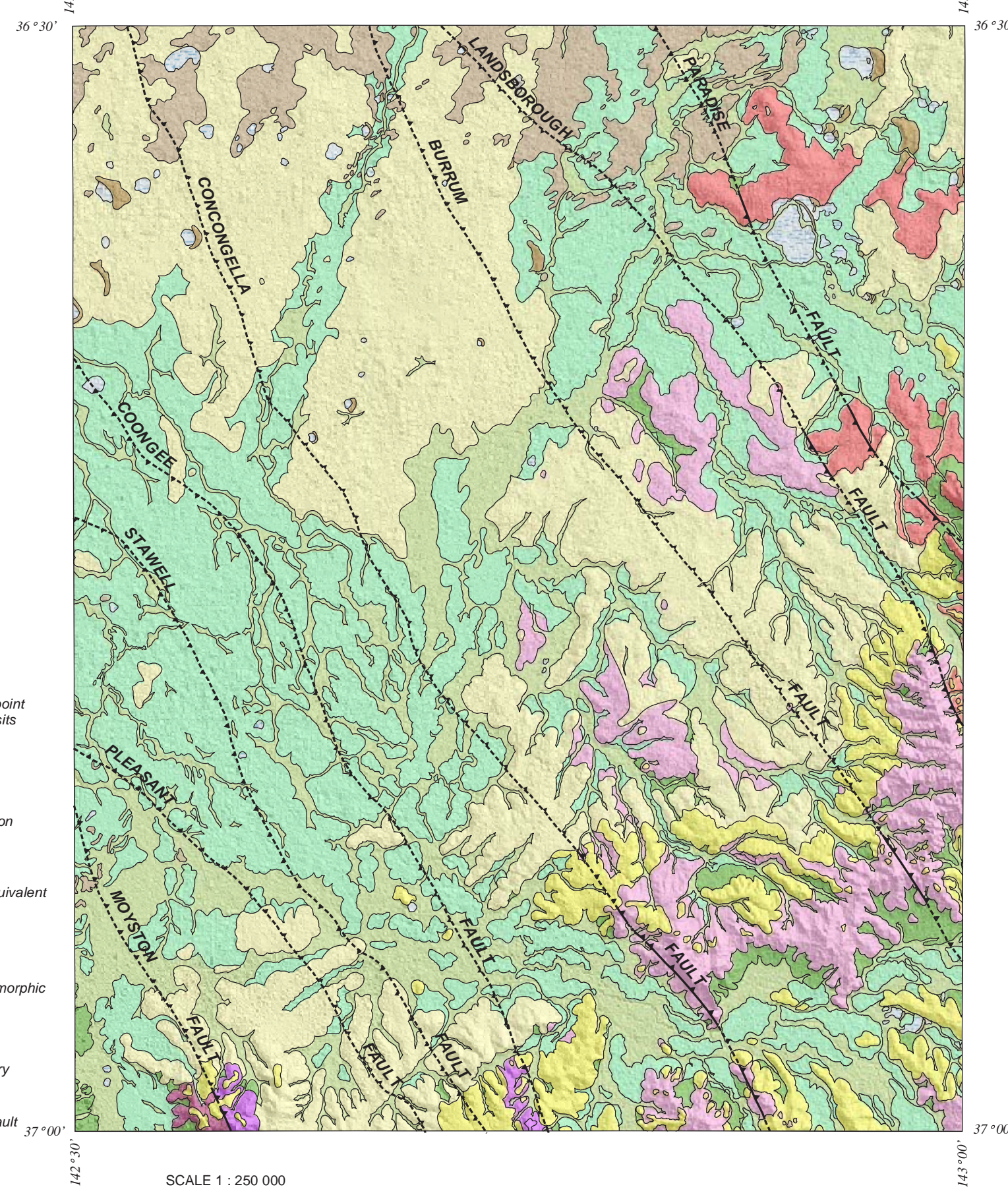
ADJOINING 1 : 100 000 SHEETS

WARRACKNABEAL 7420	DONALD 7423	CHARLTON 7424
HORSHAM 7424	RUPANYUP 7424	STARBUCK 7524
GRAMPS 7523	ARARAT 7423	BEAUFORT 7523

RADIOMETRIC TERNARY RATIO IMAGE WITH DIGITAL TERRAIN IMAGE AND REGOLITH - LANDFORM OVERLAY

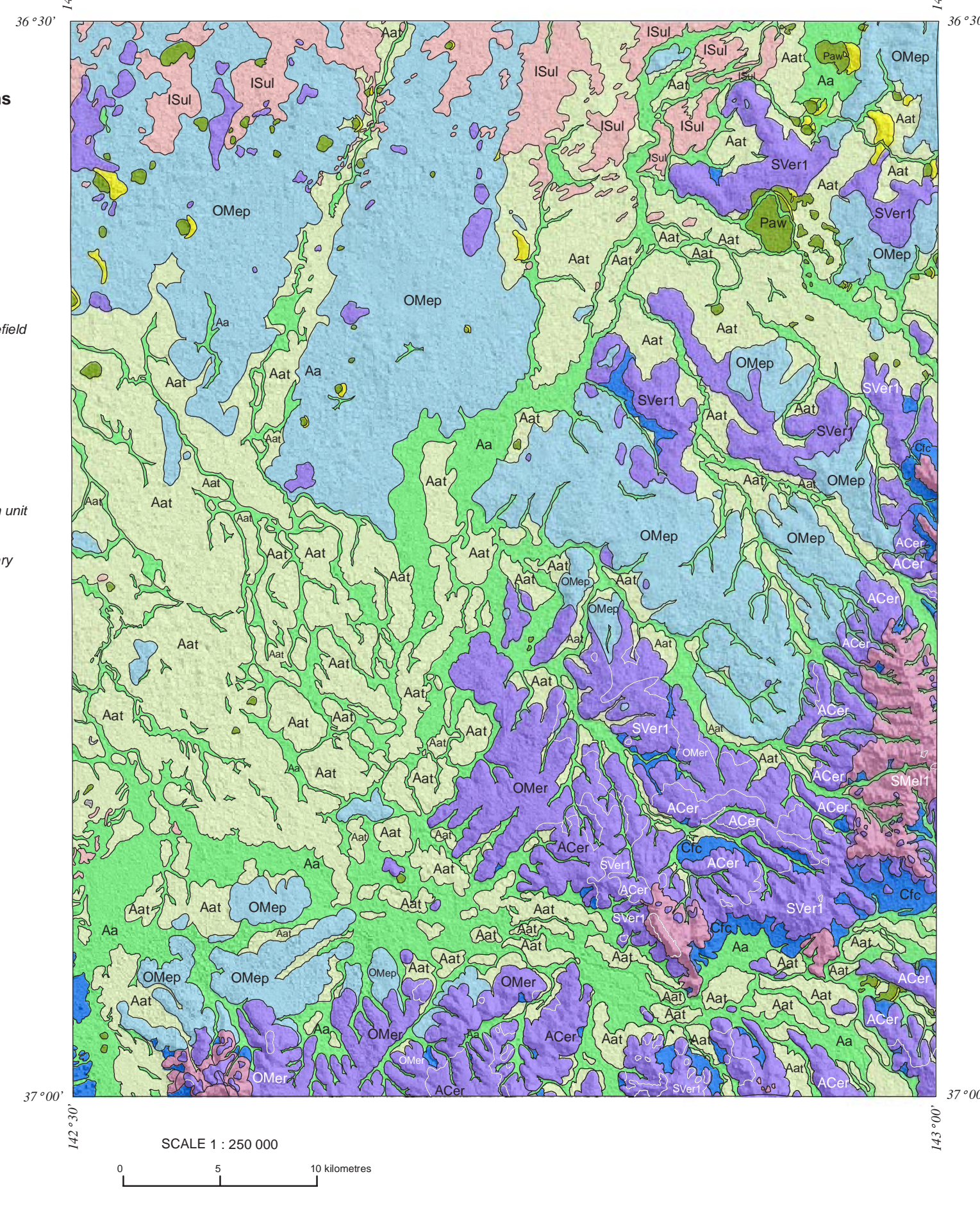


DIGITAL TERRAIN IMAGE WITH SIMPLIFIED GEOLOGY



SCALE 1 : 250 000

DIGITAL TERRAIN IMAGE WITH LANDFORM AND REGOLITH-LANDFORM OVERLAYS



SCALE 1 : 250 000

No.	GCIDZ No.	Booths No.	Company Name	Eastings	Northings
1	911324	MAAC33	Fornasaria Gold NL	67800	593993
2	911332	MAAC31	Fornasaria Gold NL	67810	593676
3	77298	Mama 1	Department of Manufacturing & Industry Development	63952	593364
4	419934	RP129	CRA Exploration	64010	594278
5	416021	RP216	CRA Exploration	65120	593878
6	416403	RP404	CRA Exploration	64520	593778
7	954514	RP287	CRA Exploration	64405	592478
8	416082	RP283	CRA Exploration	65620	593378
9	416122	RP223	CRA Exploration	66921	595128
10	659412	RP112	CRA Exploration	66670	594348
11	659411	RP113	CRA Exploration	65820	594028
12	859413	RP116	CRA Exploration	68371	595178
13	415980	RP303	CRA Exploration	66320	592478
14	415870	RP408	Department Manufacturing and Industry	64520	594378
15	64018	GAMPOLA 4	Department Manufacturing and Industry	64774	594064
16	64020	GAMPOLA 6	Department Manufacturing and Industry	64542	591240
17	65438	GLENDORCHY 3	Private - unknown	65438	591454
18	659415	RP383	CRA Exploration	66340	593878
19	659416	RP394	CRA Exploration	63760	591078
20	416178	RP379	CRA Exploration	67482	595278
21	416253	RP454	CRA Exploration	64520	594378
22	416286	RP487	CRA Exploration	64820	594328
23	79255	KIRKELLA 4	Department Manufacturing and Industry	65706	591232
24	416550	RP751	CRA Exploration	67542	594877
25	914826	VMP 4	NRE	64840	591938
26	914827	VMP 5	NRE	64490	594928
27	101277	WARRANOOK 1	Department of Manufacturing & Industry Development	63670	592416
28	911284	MAAC13	Fornasaria Gold NL	67240	592676
29	911336	MAAC35	Fornasaria Gold NL	66670	592478

RESPONSIBILITIES AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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Airphoto interpretation: B. Williams
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Published mapping:
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Cartography: S. I. Welch and J. J. Durnley
GIS data compilation and cartographic publishing process
The map incorporates topographic and radiometric data from GeoScience Australia and company surveys.
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Topographical information correct to 2004.
Published by the Department of Primary Industries GPO Box 4440, Melbourne, Victoria, 3001
www.dpi.vic.gov.au/mrnc/
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Associated products:
WILLIAMS, B. & HOUSE, E. R., 2006. The regolith of the Rupanyup 1:100 000 map area. Victorian Initiative for Minerals and Petroleum Report #9. Department of Primary Industries, Victoria.



RUPANYUP

7424 ZONE 54

1:100 000

Regolith-landform map

2006 Edition 1

Transported units	Regolith type	Landform pattern	Abstract
Alluvial Channel and overbank deposits	Aa	Alluvial landforms	Slightly weathered polymictic gravel, sand, silt and clay; variably sorted and rounded; Red Vertosols and Sodosols dominant; Brown Sodosols and self-mulching Grey and Black Vertosols also present; no distinctive radiometric response
Channel and overbank deposits	Aat	Alluvial terrace	Slightly to moderately weathered polymictic gravel, sand, silt and clay; disarticulated, variably sorted and rounded; soils include Red Vertosols, Brown to Red Sodosols and self-mulching Grey to Black Vertosols; no distinctive radiometric response; deposits form alluvial terraces 10-12 metres above the current stream base
Channel deposits	ACd	Rises	Slightly to moderately weathered quartz pebbledominated conglomerates preserved on undulating low hills and isolated rises; a widely ferruginized, silicified and kaolinized deposit overlies both weathered marine sediments and paludal; very highly weathered bedrock, distinct mottling below isolated horizons; soils dominantly skeletal Red and Brown Sodosols; low radiometric response, low K, variable Th and moderate to high U; unit topographically inverted
Colluvial sediments	Cic	Colluvial fan	Fresh to slightly weathered polymictic gravel, sand, silt and clay; poorly consolidated and sorted; some deposits dissected; soils include Red Chromosols, Brown to Red Sodosols and self-mulching Brown to Black Vertosols; no distinctive radiometric signature
Paludal sediments	Fpw	Alluvial swamp	Slightly to moderately weathered sand, silt and clay; variably sorted, unconsolidated and commonly rich in organic material; soils include well developed Red Chromosols, Brown to Red Sodosols and Grey to Red Vertosols; no distinctive radiometric signature
Aeolian sand	ISu	Lunette	Fresh quartz sand deposits; subangular to subrounded; medium to coarse grained; moderately sorted and poorly consolidated; orange to brown; soils commonly Red Brown and Grey Sodosols, Chromosols, and self-mulching Vertosols; variable radiometric response, high K and moderate to high Th and U; deposits flank the north-eastern margins of swamps and lakes
Aeolian sand	ISu	Longitudinal dune/field	Fresh quartz sand deposits; subangular to subrounded; medium to coarse grained; moderately sorted and poorly consolidated; orange to brown; soils include self-mulching Brown, Red and Black Vertosols, Red Sodosols and Red Chromosols; low radiometric response, moderate to high K, low to moderate radiometric response; low Th and U; dunes aligned parallel with the direction of the prevailing wind; deposits consist of reworked marine sediments (OMap and OMap)
Aeolian sand	ISud	Aeolian dune	Fresh quartz sand deposits; well rounded and sorted; fine to medium grained and poorly consolidated; soils include Grey, Red and Brown Sodosols; Torrens and Sodosols; low radiometric concentrations in all elements; irregular shaped dunes represent new dune activity and colluvial material shed from the Coopers
Marine sediments	OMap	Plain	Slightly to moderately weathered quartz sandstone preserved on gently undulating plains and rises; disarticulated and intensely mottled; fine to coarse grained; induration low; surface horizons common on rises; soils include Red Sodosols and Chromosols; self-mulching Grey, Black Brown and Red Vertosols; low to moderate total count, variable K (decreasing towards highland margins); moderate to high Th and moderate U
Marine sediments	OMer	Rises	Slightly to moderately weathered quartz sandstone on undulating low hills and rises; moderately consolidated and sorted; fine to coarse grained; mottled and disarticulated; induration sandstone lag common on surface; soils dominantly skeletal Red and Brown Sodosols; low to moderate total count; variable Th (increasing basinwards); variable K (decreasing basinwards); moderate to high U; unit topographically inverted

In situ units	Regolith type	Landform pattern	Abstract
Unweathered bedrock	BUeU	Low hills	Unweathered bedrock forming rolling low hills; turbidite sandstone, gneissite and mudstone with little or no regolith cover; soils grade from Torrens on crests to weakly structured Chromosols on lower slopes; high total count response, high K, Th and moderate to high U
Unweathered bedrock	BUeU	Low hills	Unweathered bedrock forming rolling low hills; predominantly fresh amphibole schist, quartz-mica schist and intercalated metapsammite with little or no regolith cover; soils grade from skeletal Red and Brown Sodosols on crests to weakly structured Chromosols on lower slopes; high total count, high K, Th and U
Slightly weathered saprolite	SSeU	Low hills	Slightly weathered saprolite on undulating low hills; disarticulated and partially iron-stained turbidite sandstone and mudstone forming linear bedrock interfluves elevated 60-120 m above current stream levels; soils range from OMap, Torrens and Red to Brown Sodosols and Torrens on crests to well-structured duplex Chromosols over shallower slopes; high total count, high K and Th, low U
Slightly weathered saprolite	SSer	Rises	Slightly weathered saprolite on gently undulating rises; contact metamorphosed turbidite sandstone and mudstone with little (<50 cm) or no regolith cover; soils dominantly skeletal Red and Brown Sodosols; high total count response, high K, moderate to high Th and U
Slightly weathered saprolite	SSer1	Rises	Slightly weathered saprolite on gently undulating rises; contact metamorphosed quartz-mica schist, metapsammite and metapsammite forming large rock platforms with little (<50 cm) or no regolith cover; interlocking concretion common in fine grained lithologies; soils skeletal Red and Brown Sodosols; high total count response, high K, moderate to high Th and U
Moderately weathered saprolite	SMer1	Low hills	Moderately weathered saprolite on undulating low hills; locally iron-stained, mottled and/or bleached turbidite sandstone and mudstone; prominent ferruginous banding common in areas of low relief; Red to Brown Sodosols over shallow and stony through; mottling common in thicker profiles; moderate to high total count response, variable K, high Th and U; graded bedding and cross stratification common
Moderately weathered saprolite	SMer1	Low hills	Moderately weathered saprolite on undulating low hills; locally iron-stained, mottled and/or bleached quartz-mica schist, metapsammite and metapsammite; strongly schistose with prominent ferruginous banding in places; soils predominantly shallow, stony Red to Brown Sodosols and Chromosols; moderate to high total count, low K, moderate to high Th and U
Very highly weathered saprolite	SWer1	Low hills	Very highly weathered saprolite on rolling low hills; paludal turbidite sandstone and mudstone capped by a thin vein quartz lag; iron mottled and extremely friable; schistose matrix common; soil predominantly stony and/or skeletal Red to Brown Sodosols; high total count, high K and Th, moderate to high U; unit contains zones of intense hydrothermal alteration
Very highly weathered saprolite	SWer1	Rises	Very highly weathered saprolite on gently undulating rises; friable, intensely bleached and/or iron-stained turbidite sandstone and mudstone; mottling and ferruginous banding common although not diagnostic; infrequent induration in near surface horizons; soils include Grey, Black and Brown Vertosols, stony Red to Brown Sodosols and minor Red Chromosols; moderate to high total count, variable K, moderate to high Th and U
Very highly weathered saprolite	SWer1	Rises	Very highly weathered saprolite on gently undulating rises; friable, intensely bleached and/or iron-stained quartz-mica schist, metapsammite and metapsammite; highly schistose with prominent ferruginous banding in places; soils include Grey, Black and Brown Vertosols, stony Red to Brown Sodosols and minor Red Chromosols; low to moderate total count, variable K, moderate to high Th and U

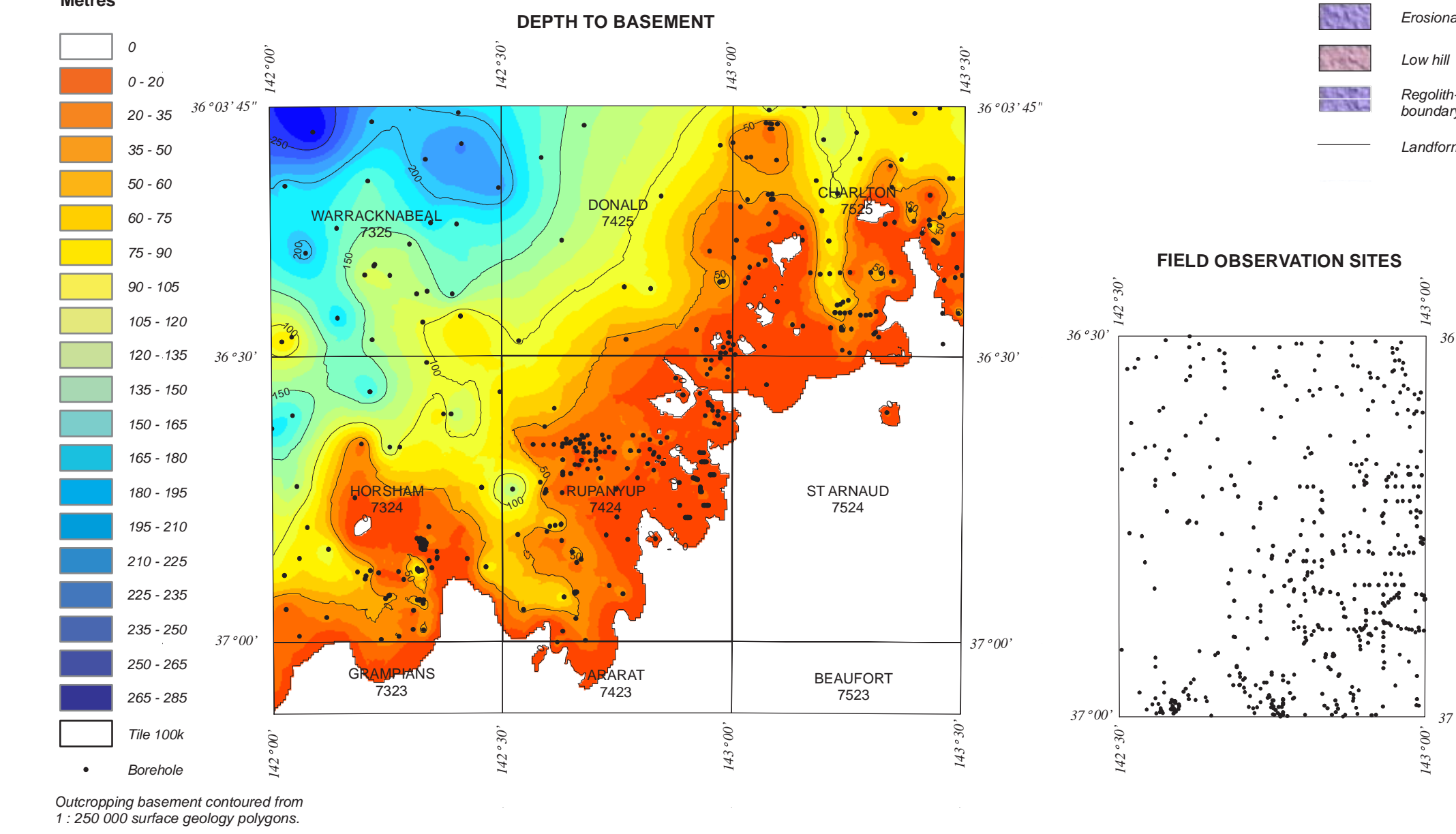
Induration modifier	
	Fracture/bedding plane; topographically inverted concretion horizons overall paludal; very highly weathered units; iron-staining and mottling common directly below induration horizons; variably structured soils contain a distinctive paludal layer; variable total count, low K, high Th and moderate to high U

Radiometric Signature			
Low K, Th & U	High K	High Th	High K, Th & U

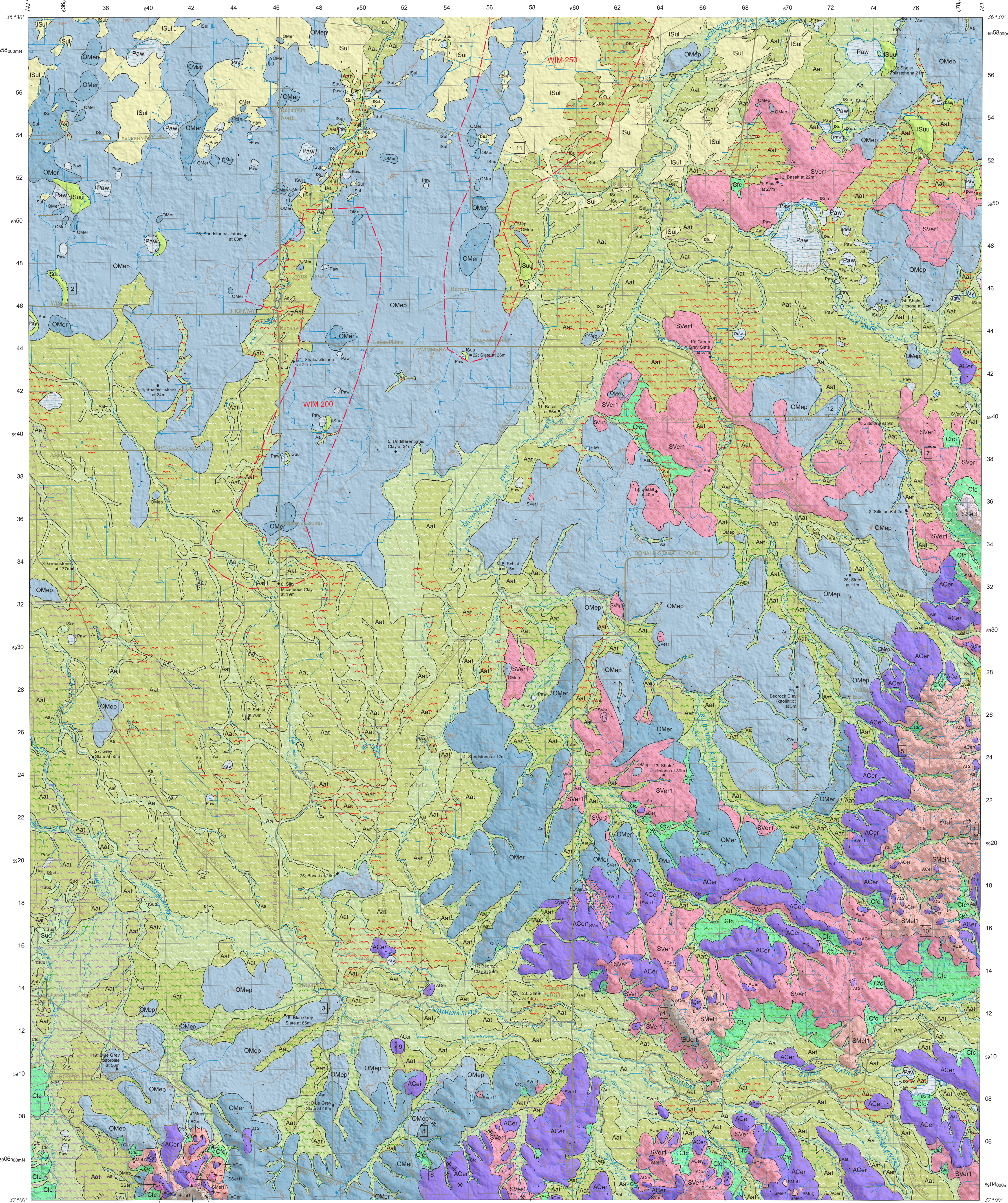
Regolith - landform unit boundary	Excursion locality	Field observation site	Boreshole	Mine site	Heavy mineral sand deposit (WIM style)	Main road, minor road	Railway	Major watercourse, river	Contour (10 metre interval)

AGE	GEOLOGY
Quaternary	Lunette deposits
Quaternary	Swamp deposits
Quaternary	Aluvial flood plain, point bar & channel deposits
Quaternary	Colluvial deposits
Quaternary	Woolmen Formation
Quaternary	Shepparton Formation
Quaternary	Piamba Sand
Quaternary	Calvert Formation equivalent
Quaternary	Pyrenees Formation
Quaternary	Maral Formation
Quaternary	Moornambool Metamorphic complex
Quaternary	Glenthompson Sst
Geological boundary	
Thrust fault	
Concealed thrust fault	

LANDFORM TYPE	
Depositional Landforms	Alluvium
Depositional Landforms	Alluvial terrace
Depositional Landforms	Colluvial fan
Depositional Landforms	Colluvial fan
Depositional Landforms	Aluvial swamp
Depositional Landforms	Lunette
Erosional Landforms	Longitudinal dune/field
Erosional Landforms	Erosional plain
Erosional Landforms	Erosional rise
Regolith-landform unit boundary	
Landform boundary	

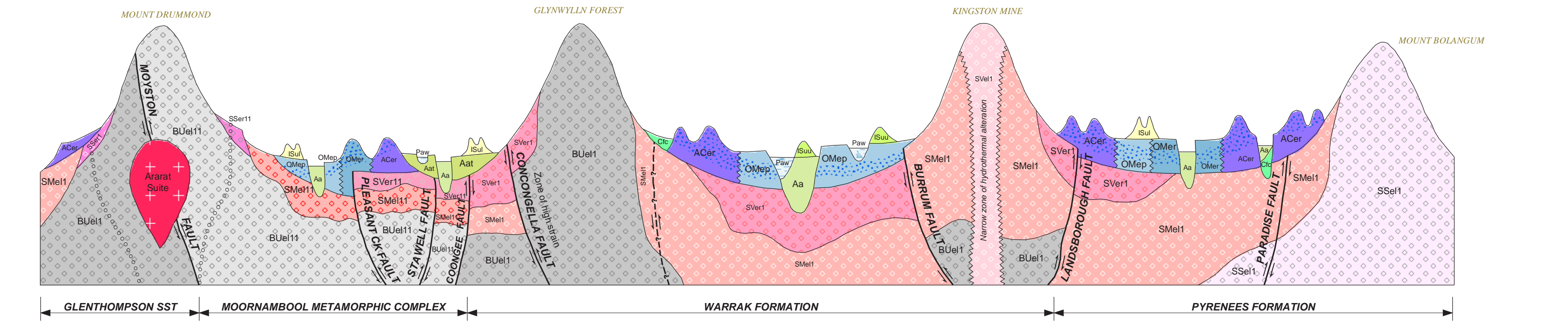


Outcropping basement contoured from 1 : 250 000 surface geology polygons.



MAP SCALE 1:100 000
Transverse Mercator Projection: Map Grid Australia - ZONE 54
Grid interval: 2000 metres
Vertical datum: Australian Height Datum 1971 (AHD)
Horizontal datum: Geocentric Datum of Australia 1994 (GDA)
Magnetic North is 10°12' 54" east of Grid North at the centre of this map. Magnetic North is correct for 2006 and increases annually at a rate of approximately 0.03° east of True North.
Grid convergence is 02° 50' at the centre of the map.

REGOLITH LANDFORM RELATIONSHIP DIAGRAM



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